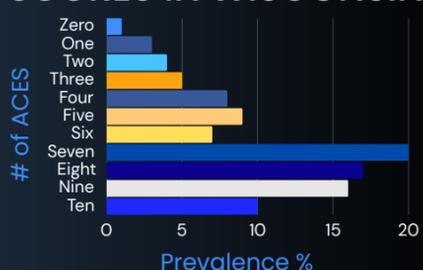


HIGH RATES OF TRAUMA OF CHILDREN PROSECUTED AS ADULTS IN WISCONSIN

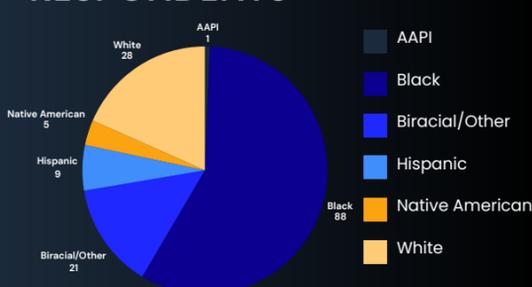
Adverse Childhood Experiences or ACEs measure the presence of 10 unique trauma types, including physical and emotional neglect; physical, emotional, and sexual abuse; parental separation, domestic violence, household substance abuse, mental illness, and incarceration. These are the results of an ACEs survey conducted among children tried as adults in Wisconsin. The survey includes 158 respondents.

PREVALENCE OF ACE SCORES IN WISCONSIN

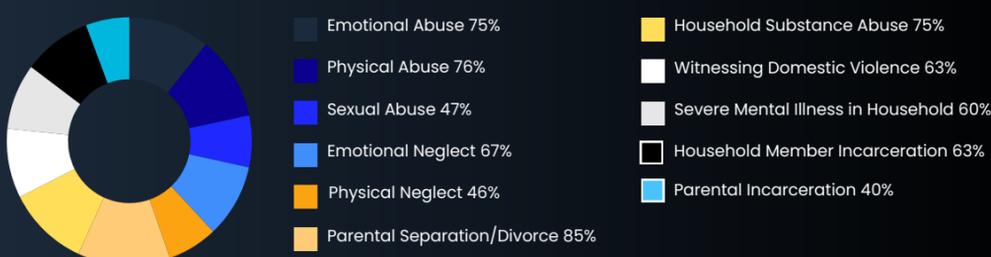


AVERAGE ACE SCORE: 6.6

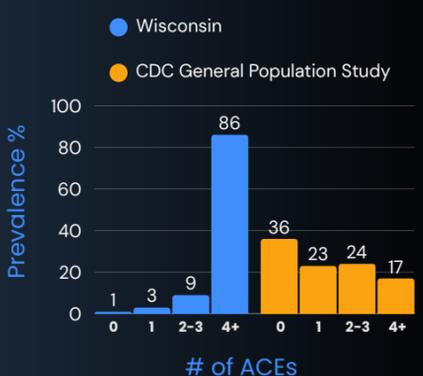
RACE/ETHNICITY RESPONDENTS



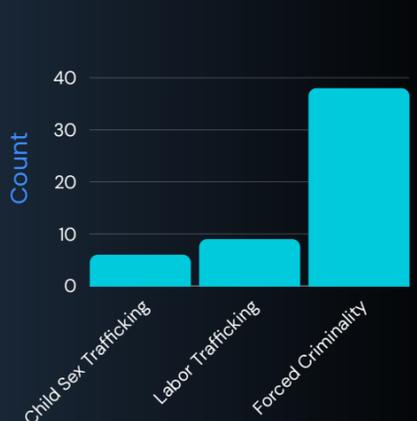
RATES BY ACE



TRAUMA RATES VS GENERAL POPULATION

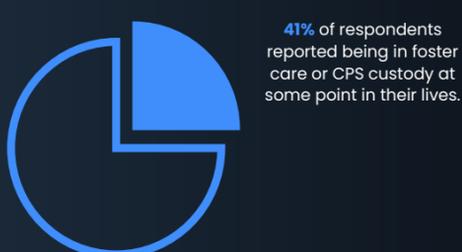


TRAFFICKING SCREENING



PRIOR SYSTEM INVOLVEMENT/NEGLECT

For those who reported experiencing childhood abuse, the average age of the onset of that abuse was **six** years old.



Many had prior justice system involvement, with the average age of first involvement being **13**.



COMING INTO THE SYSTEM

When coming into the justice system, only **8.3%** reported feeling safe.

Only **6.4%** felt they were given adequate resources to understand the legal process.

LACK OF SERVICES

45% of respondents noted having lost access to necessary health care, or treatment for an active health condition.

Only **29%** received access to services to address any childhood traumas and issues they experienced.

Only **79%** were able to finish their high school education or acquire a GED.

ABUSE WHILE INCARCERATED

52% reported facing harm from staff or other inmates, with **30%** reporting that harm as ongoing.



Of those, only **67%** had higher educational resources made available to them.

SOLITARY CONFINEMENT

80% reported being placed in solitary at some point during their incarceration.

10% received a health evaluation after being held in solitary, and **13%** were placed in solitary due to their age.

Many reported grossly extensive stays in solitary, with the average length of **4 months**.